30308 to 30364—Continued.

30328. Malus sp.

Apple.

From Khotan, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 828, November 25, 1910.) An apple called Ak-alma. Fruits of medium size, often large; color white; taste subacid, of fairly good flavor. Remarks under No. 30327 apply also to this number." (Meyer.)

30329. Pyrus chinensis Lindl. (?)

Pear.

From Khotan, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 829, November 25, 1910.) A pear called Nanshi'pt. This is the celebrated Kutcha pear. It is of medium-large size, round-oval shape, and canary-yellow color with slight reddish blush. The flesh is of granular structure, fresh-sweet taste, and remarkably juicy. It is of excellent keeping and shipping qualities. To be tested in desert regions under irrigation." (Meyer.)

30330. Morus nigra L.

Black mulberry.

From Khotan, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 830, November 25, 1910.) A mulberry called *Shatoot*. Berries large, of dark violet-black color, very persistent in their habits, almost every berry having to be picked by hand; taste fresh subacid; ripens from early August until the end of September. The trees are mostly grafted 1 meter above the ground so that the fruits may be easily gathered. Recommended as a home fruit in desert regions under irrigation." (*Meyer*.)

30331. Juglans regia L.

Walnut.

From Khotan, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 831, November 25, 1910.) A walnut called Yang-ak. A rather large variety; shells medium soft. Walnuts are grown in Chinese Turkestan at elevations from 4,000 to 7,000 feet above sea level. They are able to stand a fair amount of drought and alkali, and do not suffer from great extremes in temperatures. There are large regions in the southern Rocky Mountains where in all probability very profitable orchards could be established." (Meyer.)

30332. Amygdalus persica nectarina Ait.

Nectarine.

From Karghalik, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 834, December 11, 1910.) Variety fructi glabra. A nectarine called Anar-shabdalah. Fruits rather small, whitish pink in color, and of sweet, aromatic flavor. This is a medium-late ripener and a rare local variety." (Meyer.)

30333. Amygdalus persica L.

Peach.

From Shagra-bazar, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 836, December 23, 1910.) A peach called *Serech-shabdalah*. Fruits very large, of yellow color throughout; meat very firm; clingstone. Stands shipping well, but does not keep long; late in ripening (October)." (*Meyer*.)

30334. Amygdalus persica nectarina Ait.

Nectarine.

From Shagra-bazar, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 837, December 23, 1910.) Variety fructi glabra. A nectarine called Kizil-dagatch. Fruits small, red; medium early." (Meyer.)

30335. Amygdalus persica nectarina Ait.

Nectarine.

From Upal, Chinese Turkestan. "(No. 838, December 26, 1910.) Variety fructi glabra. A nectarine called Ak-tagatch. Fruits large, white; a late ripener; of good keeping and shipping qualities. As Upal is about 5,000 feet above the sea, this nectarine may prove to be hardier than those from lower levels." (Meyer.)